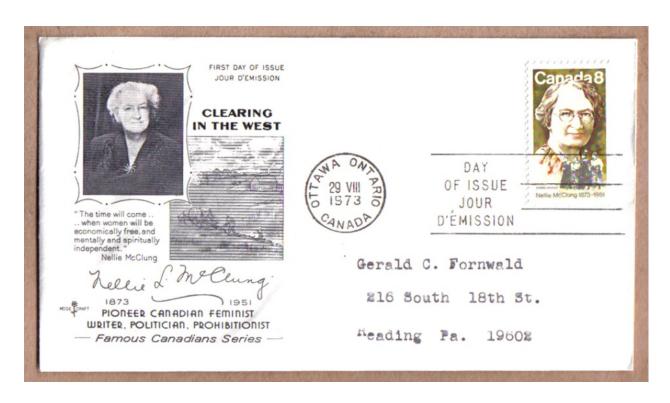
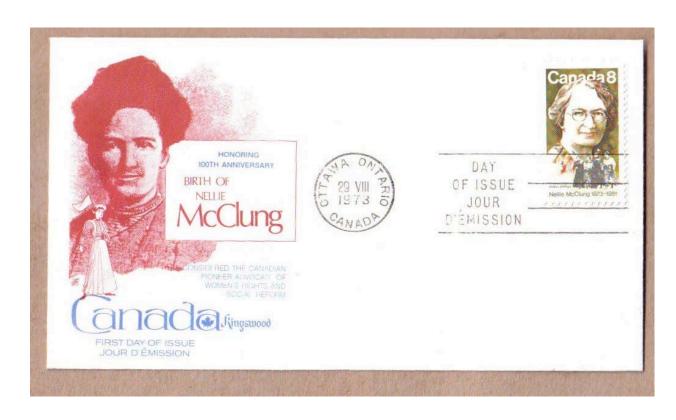
### Strategy # 2



Front row, L-R: Mrs. Muir Edwards, daughter-in-law of Henrietta Muir Edwards; Mrs. J.C. Kenwood, daughter of Judge Emily Murphy; Rt. Hon. Mackenzie King; Mrs. Nellie McClung; (Rear row L-R); Senators Iva Campbell Fallis; Cairine Wilson. Ottawa, 1936







### **Petitions! Petitions!**

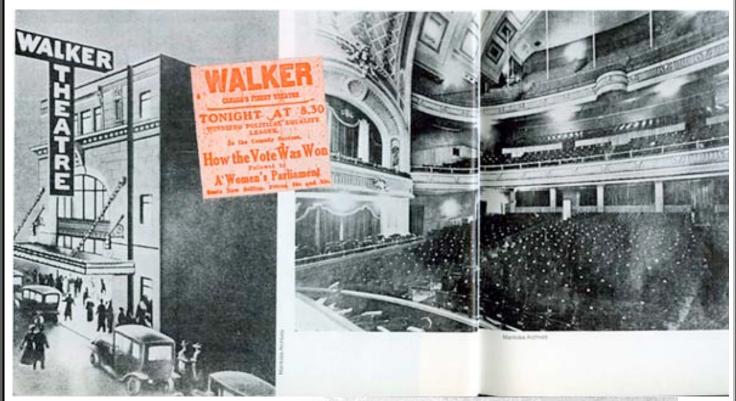
"The first was a petition with 39,548 signatures. The second was a petition with 4,250 signatures, all collected by 94-year-old Amelia Burdett of Sturgeon Creek."

**Provided by the Nellie McClung Foundation** 



Nellie McClung, Alice Jamieson, and Emily Murphy.

They celebrated in Alberta in 1916 by buying new hats and having their picture taken.



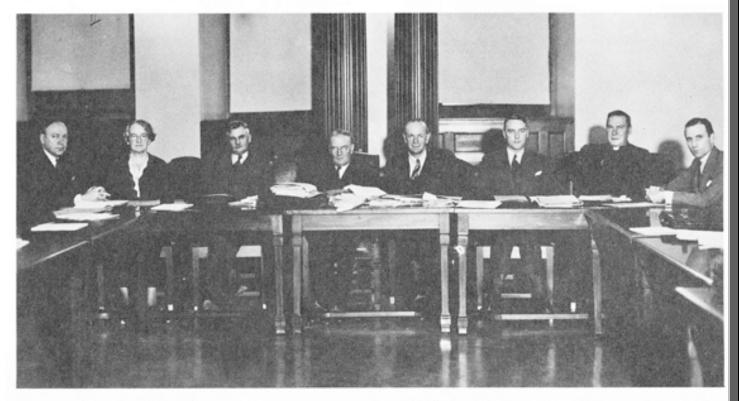
## THE HEROINE ON THE CAMPAIGN



**Provided by the Nellie McClung Foundation** 

6

### The Board of Directors



Taken on Nov. 3, 1936, other board members were: Leonard W. Brockington, K.C., Chairman; Rene Morin, Vice-Chairman; Wilfred Bovey, K.C., J. Wilfred Godfrey, N. L. Nathanson, Brig. Gen. Victor Odlum, Alan Plaunt, Rev. Alexander Vachon.

In 1936, the Government of Canada appointed a new Board of Governors that had Canada wide responsibilities.

Nellie McClung, the only woman on the Board, can be seen sitting here with the other members

In 1936, Nellie McClung was 63 years old. She was living on Victoria Island and took the train to Ottawa for the meetings. She left the Board in 1942.

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# DO NOT FAIL TO HEAR Mrs. Nellie L. McClung

# LECTURE

On Woman Suffrage, Temperance Issues and Things
Political.

### AN OPEN DISCUSSION IS DESIRED

Mrs. McClung is acknowledged to be one of the foremost platform speakers in the west to-day.

# THE TOWN HALL, KILLARNEY THURSDAY, JUNE THE 18TH

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK SHARP

Reserved Seats 35c.

General Admission 25c.

Plan of Hall at Evans' Drug Store.

Dec. 23, 1915

Jan 28, 1916

# VOTES FOR WOMEN BILL PREPARED

Premier Norris Declares It Will Be Introduced at Coming Session of Legislature

## 39,534 PETITIONERS

Winnipeg, Dec. 23.—Premier Norris assured a deputation from the Political Equality League this morning that the bill providing for the enfranchisement of Manitoba women had been prepared and that the Government hoped that before the coming session of the legislature was very far advanced, the bill would become law.

The deputation presented a petition, signed by 39,534 women of the Province, asking for the extension of the franchise to women.

## Manitoba Women Given Franchise

Struggle Which Has Lasted for Quarter of a Century Ends in Women's Victory

### MANITOBA IN THE LEAD

Winnipeg, Jan. 28—The hard fought battle for woman's suffrage which has been waged for exactly a quarter of a century in Manitoba, was won Thursday afternoon when the members of the legislature gave the Suffrage bill its third reading. Hundreds of jubilant women thronged the gallery of the House, for they realized that history was being made not only for Manitoba, but for all Canada.

#### Manitoba in the Lead

Manitoba is the first province to grant the franchise to women.

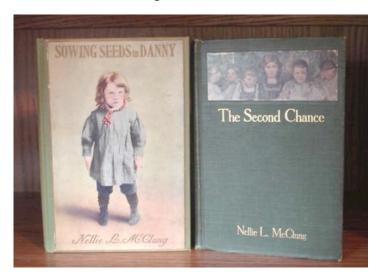
There are many folks, many of them prominently identified with the movement for the enfranchisement of women, who think than the organized agitation in Manitoba only dates back to April, 1912, when the Politica! Equality League of Manitoba was organized by a few Winnipeg Newspaper men and women and their friends. There is no reason to deny the excellent results accomplished in less than four years by the league, but it only fair to lay some of the laurels at the feet of the pioneers who laid the foundation stones of 'votes for wemer."

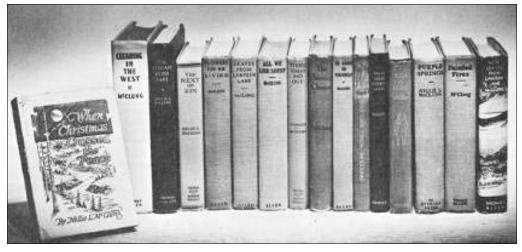
The victors of Thursday and those who will reap the benefits for all time to come are prone to forget what they owe to the courageous women who dared to offend public opinion by proclaiming the doctrine of equal rights.

How history repeats itself! Twenty-five years ago, when Hon. Thomas Greenway was in power, a petition signed by hundreds of male voters in the province was presented to the premier and his associates. The late Dr. Amelia Yeomans, who was at the time practicing medicine in Winnipeg, had organized a woman's suffrage society.



Nellie McClung at her desk around 1910





Provided by the Nellie McClung Foundation



Edmonton, August 27th, 1927.

To His Excellency

The Governor-General in Council

Rideau Hall,

Ottawa, Ontario.

Sir:

As persons interested in the admission of women to the Senate of Canada, we do hereby request that you may be graciously pleased to refer to the Supreme Court of Canada for hearing, consideration and adjudication the following constitutional questions: constitutional questions:-

1. Is power vested in the Governor-General in Council of Canada, or the Parliament of Canada, or either of them, to appoint a female to the Senate of Canada?

11. Is it constitutionally possible for the Parliament of Canada under the provisions of the British North America Act, or otherwise, to make provision for the appointment of a female to the Senate of Canada?

These questions are respectfully referred for your consideration pursuant to Section 60 of the Supreme Court Act. R.S.C. 1906, Cap.139.

We have the honour to be,

Sir.

Your obedient servants,

Henrietta Muir Edwards (Macleod)
Nellie L. McClung (Calgary)
Louise C. McKinney (Claresholm)
Emily F. Murphy (Edmonton)
Irene Parlby (Alix) (Sgd.) 11 11

Kindly address communications to Mrs. Emily F. Murphy, 11011-88th Avenue, Edmonton, Alta.